

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
28 June 2001 (28.06.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 01/46600 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: F16D 51/22,
65/09

MEYER, Carl, Heinz; 6236 Peachtree, Portage, MI
49024 (US).

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/34644

(74) Agent: STAVISH, Matthew, W.; Liniak, Berenato,
Longacre & White, Ste. 240, 6550 Rock Spring Drive,
Bethesda, MD 20817 (US).

(22) International Filing Date:
21 December 2000 (21.12.2000)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
09/471,153 23 December 1999 (23.12.1999) US

(81) Designated States (*national*): AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA,
BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL,
TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(71) Applicant: DANA CORPORATION [US/US]; P.O. Box
904, Toledo, OH 43697 (US).

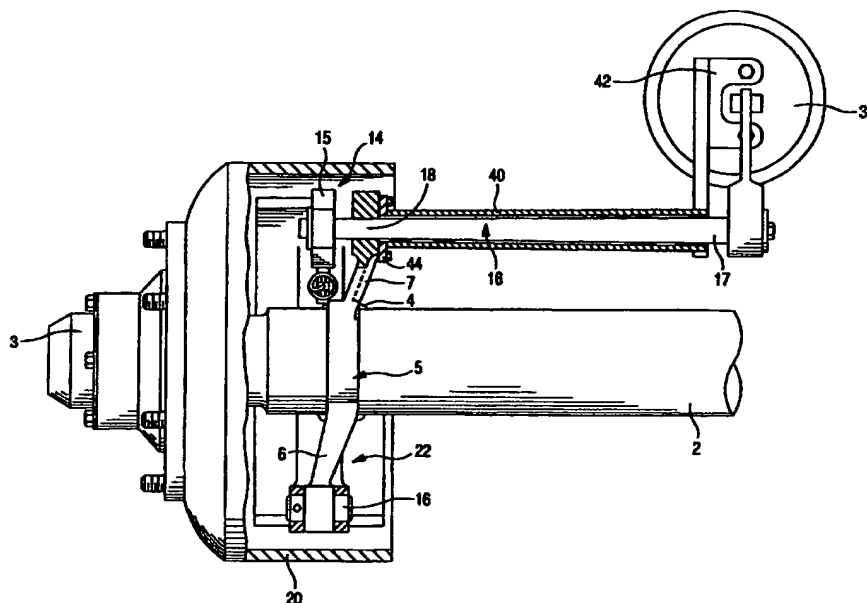
(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM,
KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian
patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European
patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE,
IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF,
CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

(72) Inventors: JONES, Jeffrey, Lee; 177 North Bedford,
Battle Creek, MI 49017 (US). BANKS, Daniel, E.; 5175
South 36th Street, Climax, MI 49034 (US). CLARK,
James, Robert; 409 Midlakes, Plainwell, MI 49080 (US).

Published:
— With international search report.

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: VEHICLE AXLE BEAM AND BRAKE ASSEMBLY



(57) Abstract: An axle beam (2) and self-contained drum brake assembly, particularly for heavy duty trucks, is disclosed. The assembly includes a brake spider (5) and actuating members mounted thereto via a mounting assembly comprising a mounting sleeve (40) attached to the brake spider by means of a second mounting bracket (44), and a first mounting bracket (42) securing a pneumatic brake actuator cylinder (30) to the mounting sleeve. A brake actuating camshaft (16) is positioned and rotationally supported therewithin. The disclosed brake assembly allows for numerous variations of axle beam and suspension arrangements.

WO 01/46600 A1



— Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments.

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

VEHICLE AXLE BEAM AND BRAKE ASSEMBLY

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a drum brake arrangement for motor vehicles in general, and particularly to a novel arrangement of various components of a pneumatically actuated drum brake assembly for rear
10 axles of heavy duty trucks.

15 2. Description of the Prior Art

Pneumatically actuated drum brakes are well known in the prior art. Typically, a pneumatically actuated drum brake assembly includes a brake spider bolted to a flange on an axle beam. The brake spider is adapted to support a
20 pair of brake shoes. A brake actuator shaft provided with an S-cam at one end and a pneumatic actuator at the other end, is normally supported on the axle beam by at least one bracket welded to the axle beam. This conventional design renders current pneumatically actuated drum brake
25 assemblies quite complex in manufacturing, cumbersome, expensive and require a great deal of changes in the

current production in order to accommodate numerous variations of axle beams and suspension arrangements.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5

The present invention provides an improved pneumatically actuated drum brake assembly, especially for rear axles of heavy duty trucks. The brake assembly of the present invention comprises a
10 brake spider secured to an axle beam preferably by welding to support all other components of the brake assembly. The brake spider includes a pivoting end support plate having one or more anchor pin bores, and an actuator support plate disposed substantially
15 opposite to the pivoting end support plate. A pair of brake shoes is pivotally supported by anchor pin mounted within the anchor pin bore in the pivoting end support plate and is actuated by an S-cam fixed to a second end of a brake actuating shaft. The
20 actuating shaft in turn is actuated by a pneumatic brake actuator. The present invention employs a mounting assembly that secures the pneumatic brake actuator and brake actuating shaft with the S-cam directly to the brake spider that allows to assemble

the brake assembly as a module and use the same
brake assembly for numerous variations of axle beams
and suspension arrangements.

5

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other objects and advantages of the invention will
become apparent from a study of the following
specification when viewed in light of the accompanying
10 drawings, wherein:

Fig. 1 is a cross-sectional view of the brake
assembly in accordance with the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a side view of the brake spider;

Fig. 3 is a partially sectioned front view of the
15 brake assembly;

Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the brake assembly
in accordance with the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

20

Figs. 1 of the drawings depicts a novel arrangement
of a pneumatically actuated drum brake assembly of the
present invention adapted to be utilized for heavy duty
trucks. Reference numeral 2 defines an axle beam

including a spindle 3 rotatably supporting a wheel (not shown). A brake spider 5 is non-removably secured to the axle beam 2, preferably by welding. The welding joint between the axle beam 2 and the brake spider 5 is indicated generally by reference numeral 4. The brake spider, illustrated in Fig. 2, comprises a pivoting end support plate 6 and an actuator support plate 7 extending generally opposite to the pivoting end support plate 6, and defines a central aperture 8 through which the axle beam 2 is positioned.

The brake assembly includes a brake drum 20 mounted to a wheel hub (not shown) which is rotatably mounted on the spindle 3. The brake assembly utilizes a pair of brake shoes 22 each including a pair of axially spaced webs 23.

In order to selectively move the brake shoes 22 outwardly to create frictional engagement with the interior of the brake drum 20, a rotary actuator 14 is provided. The rotary actuator 14 includes a brake actuating shaft 16 having a first end 17 and a second end 18, and an S-cam 15 rigidly secured to the second end 18 of the actuating shaft 16 by any appropriate means well known in the brake art, such as spline connection. The second end 18 of the actuator shaft 16 extends through a

support opening 10 in the actuator support plate 7 of the brake spider 5. The support opening 10 may be provided with any form of bushing or bearing well known in the prior art to allow free rotation of the actuator shaft
5 16.

The rotary actuator 14 is actuated by a pneumatic actuator including a pneumatic actuator cylinder 30 provided with an actuator rod 32 extending therefrom. A distal end of the actuator rod 32 is pivotally connected
10 to one end of a brake actuating lever 34. The other end of the brake actuating lever 34 is fixedly secured to the first end of the actuator shaft 16 by any appropriate means well known in the brake art.

The actuator shaft 16 is actuated by the pneumatic
15 actuator cylinder 30 to cause the cam 15 to rotate outwardly displacing the brake shoes 22 for braking engagement with the interior surface of the drum 20. Each of the brake shoes 22 commonly includes a cam follower 26 at an end 25 thereof adjacent to the cam 15 to allow
20 smooth application of the force generated by the rotation of the cam 15 to each brake shoe 22.

An end 24 of the brake shoe 22, as illustrated in Fig. 3, is designed to be supported for pivotal movement in response to the outward movement of the end 25 of the

brake shoe 22 as it is selectively moved by the cam 15. The end 24 of each shoe 22 is provided with an open recess 27 in the shoe web 23 designed to receive a pivot pin 28.

5 It should be noted that the brake spider 5 of the present invention utilizes a single centrally located pivot pin 28 to support both brake shoes, as disclosed hereinabove. However, there are some drum brake configurations in the prior art that employ a pair of
10 pivot pins for supporting one end of each brake shoe. It will be clear to those skilled in the art that the present invention could readily be employed for such brake assemblies. Although the specific forces acting on each plate of the brake spider might be different, there
15 is sufficient information provided hereinabove to enable one with ordinary skills in the art to design such a brake spider without departing from the scope of the invention.

As illustrated in Figs. 1 and 4, the present
20 invention includes a mounting assembly that secures the pneumatic brake actuator cylinder 30 and rotary actuator 14 directly to the brake spider 5. The mounting assembly includes a mounting sleeve 40 for positioning and rotationally supporting the actuating shaft 16

therewithin. The mounting sleeve 40 may be of any length depending on the vehicle and applicable clearance space. The mounting sleeve is provided with a first mounting bracket 42 at one end, and a second mounting bracket 44
5 at the other end. The first and second mounting brackets 42 and 44 respectively, are secured to the mounting sleeve by any appropriate means, preferably by welding. The first mounting bracket 42 is used to secure the pneumatic actuator cylinder 30. In turn, the second
10 mounting bracket 44 is fastened to the brake spider 5 by bolts 46 through apertures 11 in the actuator support plate 7 of the brake spider 5. Thus, a self-contained brake assembly is provided that is easy to assemble and allows for numerous variations of axle beams and
15 suspension arrangements.

It is to be understood that while the brake assembly disclosed herein is disclosed in the context of a pneumatic actuator, other actuating mechanisms well known in the prior art, such as hydraulic, mechanical,
20 electrical, etc., may be employed.

The foregoing description of the preferred embodiment of the present invention has been presented for the purpose of illustration in accordance with the provisions of the Patent Statutes. It is not intended to

be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms disclosed. Obvious modifications or variations are possible in light of the above teachings. The embodiment disclosed hereinabove was chosen in order to best

5 illustrate the principles of the present invention and its practical application to thereby enable those of ordinary skill in the art to best utilize the invention in various embodiments and with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated, as long as

10 the principles described herein are followed. Thus, changes can be made in the above-described invention without departing from the intent and scope thereof. It is also intended that the scope of the present invention be defined by the claims appended thereto.

15

What is claimed is:

1. A vehicle axle beam and drum brake assembly,
comprising:

5 a pneumatic brake actuator cylinder provided with an
actuator rod extending therefrom;

a brake actuating shaft having a first end and a
second end;

a brake actuating lever interconnecting said
10 actuator rod and said first end of said brake actuating
shaft;

an S-cam secured to said second end of said brake
actuating shaft;

a brake spider non-removably secured to said axle
15 beam and adapted to support a brake assembly, said brake
spider including a pivoting end support plate and an
actuator support plate provided with an opening for
receiving said brake actuating shaft therethrough;

a mounting sleeve having a first end and a second
20 end, said first end of said mounting sleeve is secured to
said pneumatic brake actuator cylinder and said second
end of said mounting sleeve is secured to said actuator
support plate of said brake spider, said brake actuating
shaft rotationally supported and positioned within said

mounting sleeve;

a pair of brake shoes pivotally supported on said
pivoting end support plate of said brake spider, said
brake shoes adapted to frictionally engage a bearing
5 surface of a brake drum; and

a cam follower secured on each of said shoes and
adapted to interfit with an outer surface of said S-cam,

wherein when said actuator rod is extended, said
brake actuating shaft and said S-cam rotate about the
10 longitudinal axis such that said brake shoes are brought
into frictional engagement with said bearing surface.

2. The vehicle axle beam and drum brake assembly as
defined in claim 1, wherein said brake spider is welded
15 to said axle beam.

3. The vehicle axle beam and drum brake assembly as
defined in claim 1, wherein said brake spider is an
integral part of an integrated one-piece axle spindle and
20 brake spider assembly fixedly secured to said axle beam.

4. The vehicle axle beam and drum brake assembly as
defined in claim 1, further comprising:

a first mounting bracket attached to said first end of said mounting sleeve; and

a second mounting bracket attached to said second end of said mounting sleeve.

5

5. The vehicle axle beam and drum brake assembly as defined in claim 4, wherein said first mounting bracket is fastened to said pneumatic brake actuator cylinder.

10

6. The vehicle axle beam and drum brake assembly as defined in claim 4, wherein said second mounting bracket is fastened to said actuator support plate of said brake spider.

15

7. The vehicle axle beam and drum brake assembly as defined in claim 1, wherein said actuator support plate of said brake spider, is axially offset from said pivoting end support plate.

20

8. A vehicle axle beam and drum brake assembly, comprising:

a pneumatic brake actuator cylinder provided with an actuator rod extending therefrom;

a brake actuating shaft having a first end and a

second end;

a brake actuating lever interconnecting said actuator rod and said first end of said brake actuating shaft;

5 an S-cam secured to said second end of said brake actuating shaft;

a brake spider welded to said axle beam and adapted to support a brake assembly, said brake spider including a pivoting end support plate and an actuator support
10 plate provided with an opening for receiving said brake actuating shaft therethrough, said actuator support plate being axially offset from said pivoting end support plate;

a mounting sleeve having a first end and a second
15 end, said first end of said mounting sleeve is secured to said pneumatic brake actuator cylinder and said second end of said mounting sleeve is secured to said actuator support plate of said brake spider, said brake actuating shaft rotationally supported and positioned within said
20 mounting sleeve;

a first mounting bracket attached to said first end of said mounting sleeve, said first mounting bracket is fastened to said pneumatic brake actuator cylinder;

a second mounting bracket attached to said second

end of said mounting sleeve, said second mounting bracket is fastened to said actuator support plate of said brake spider;

5 a pair of brake shoes pivotally supported on said pivoting end support plate of said brake spider, said brake shoes adapted to frictionally engage a bearing surface of a brake drum; and

a cam follower secured on each of said shoes and adapted to interfit with an outer surface of said S-cam,
10 wherein when said actuator rod is extended, said brake actuating shaft and said S-cam rotate about the longitudinal axis such that said brake shoes are brought into frictional engagement with said bearing surface.

15

Fig. 1

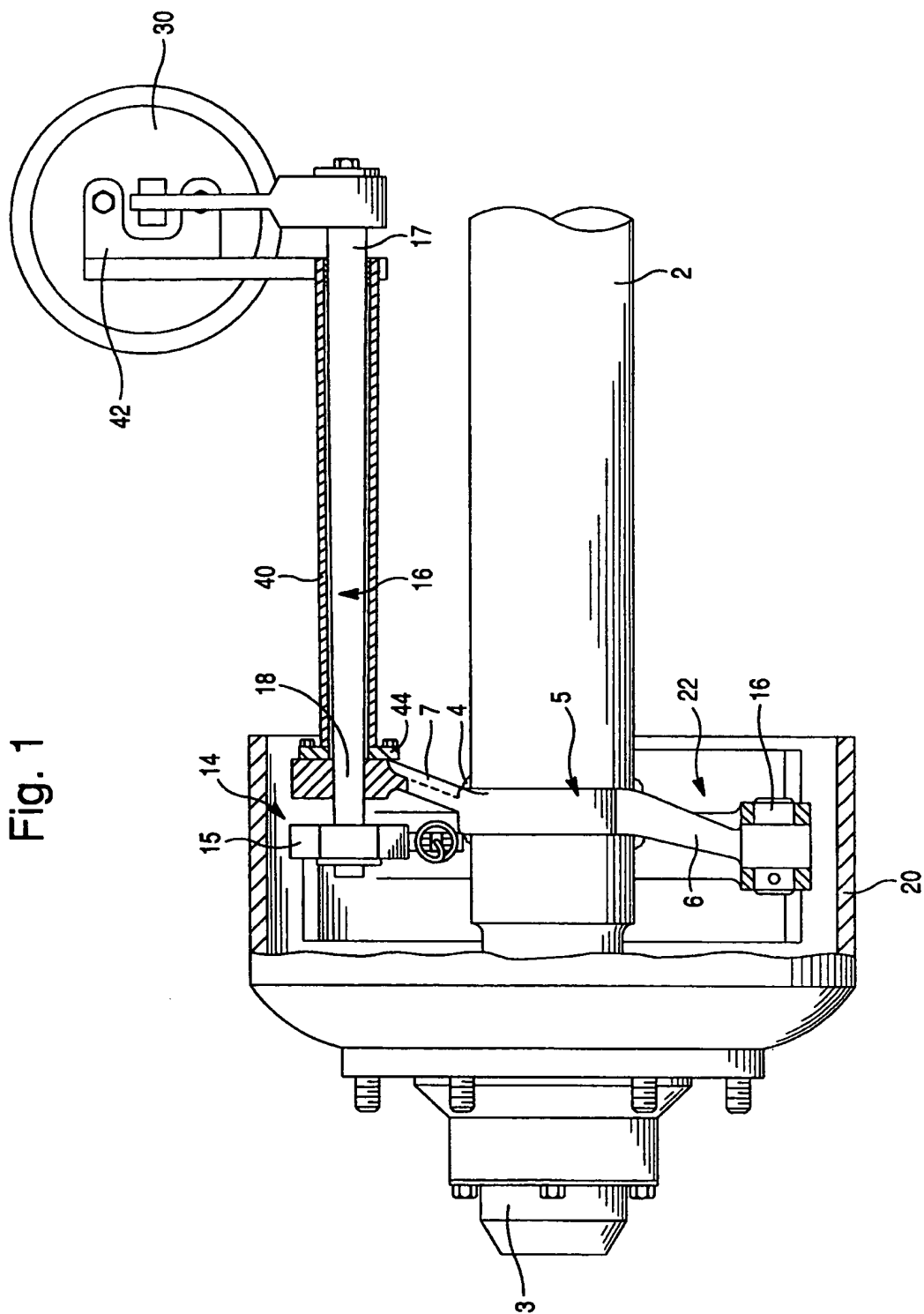


Fig. 2

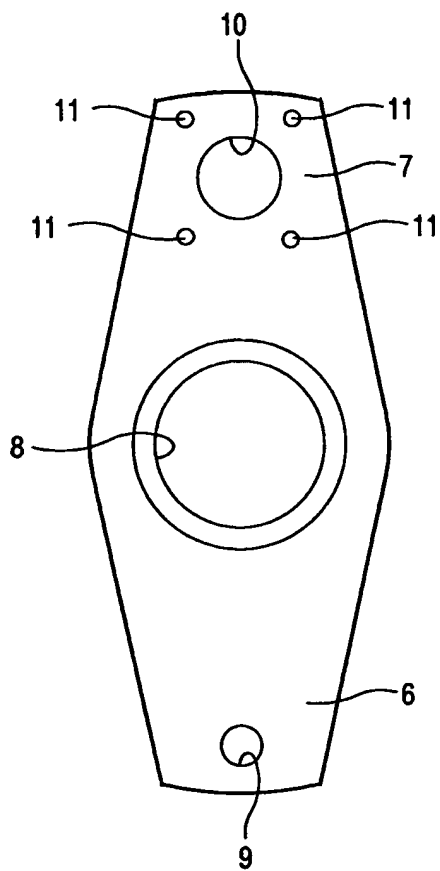


Fig. 3

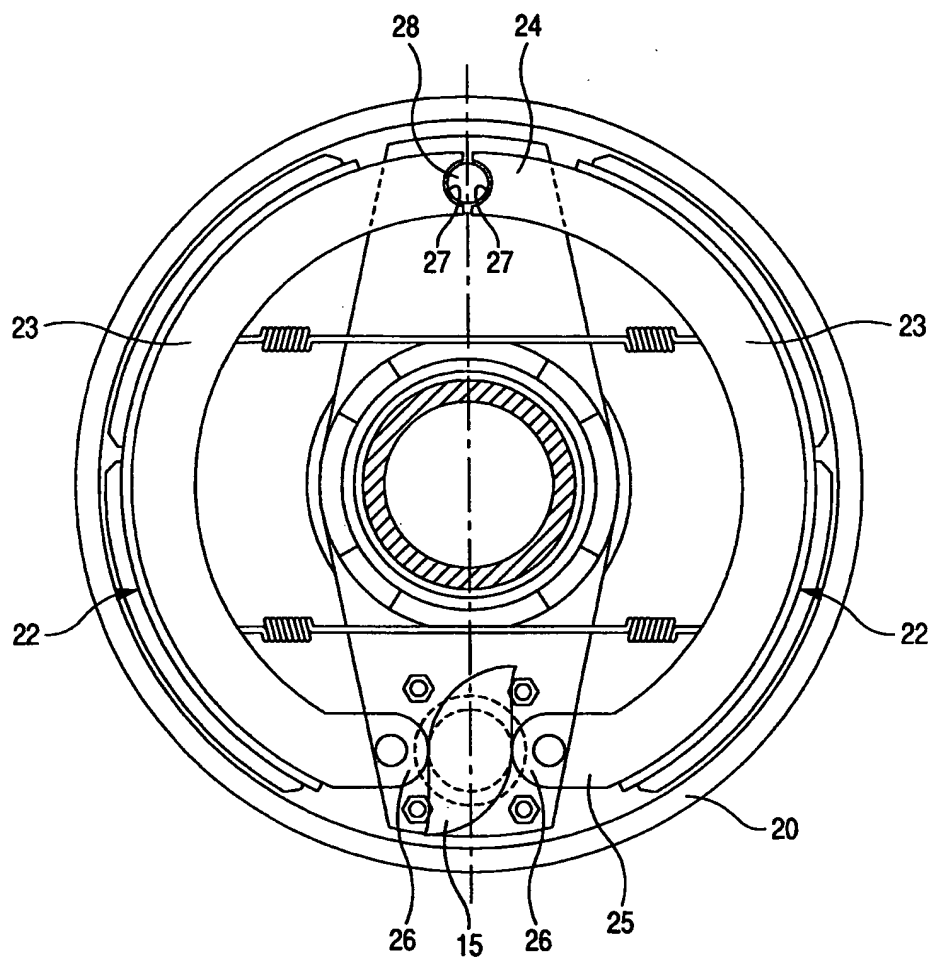
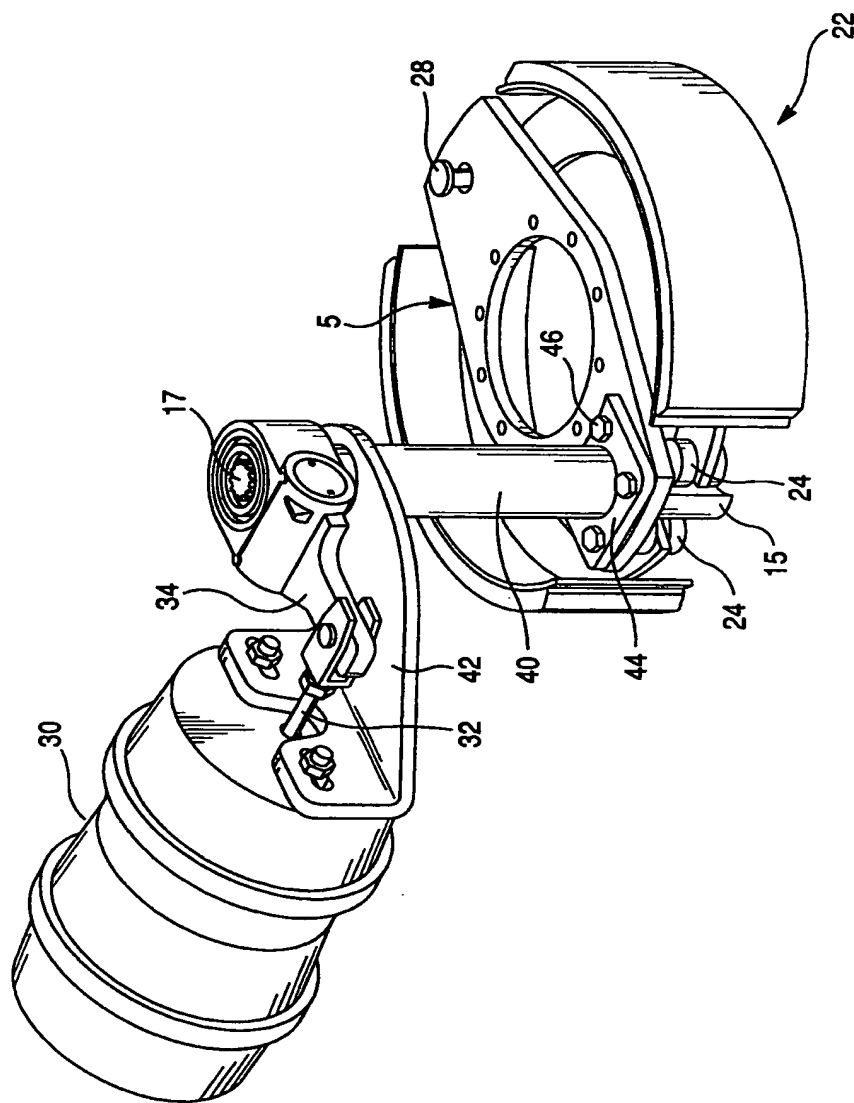


Fig. 4



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 00/34644

| C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|
| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
| Y | EP 0 368 368 A (ROCKWELL INTERNATIONAL CORP) 16 May 1990 (1990-05-16) figure 2 | 1-8 |
| Y | US 5 887 687 A (WILLIAMS RONALD L) 30 March 1999 (1999-03-30) column 2, line 37 -column 3, line 10; figure 4 | 1-8 |
| Y | US 5 301 774 A (CHO SUNG J ET AL) 12 April 1994 (1994-04-12) column 2, line 51 -column 3, line 56; figures 2,3 | 1-8 |
| A | US 5 624 011 A (WHITE JAY D ET AL) 29 April 1997 (1997-04-29) column 3, line 40 -column 5, line 35; figures 1,3 | 1-8 |

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 00/34644

| Patent document cited in search report | Publication date | Patent family member(s) | Publication date |
|---|---------------------|--|--|
| US 3279569 A | 18-10-1966 | NONE | |
| US 5649612 A | 22-07-1997 | BR 9508338 A CA 2195063 A WO 9604489 A | 12-08-1997 15-02-1996 15-02-1996 |
| EP 0368368 A | 16-05-1990 | US 4858730 A AU 595788 B AU 5268286 A BR 8600002 A CA 1254845 A DE 3584093 A DE 3587475 A DE 3587475 T DE 205659 T DE 368368 T EP 0205659 A IN 164707 A JP 1771531 C JP 4061215 B JP 62004934 A MX 163548 B | 22-08-1989 12-04-1990 08-01-1987 10-03-1987 30-05-1989 17-10-1991 26-08-1993 05-01-1994 30-04-1987 06-09-1990 30-12-1986 13-05-1989 30-06-1993 30-09-1992 10-01-1987 29-05-1992 |
| US 5887687 A | 30-03-1999 | NONE | |
| US 5301774 A | 12-04-1994 | CA 2030315 A | 27-12-1991 |
| US 5624011 A | 29-04-1997 | AU 706780 B AU 4821396 A BR 9601438 A CA 2172173 A JP 8277857 A ZA 9602219 A | 24-06-1999 03-10-1996 31-03-1998 22-09-1996 22-10-1996 26-09-1996 |

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 00/34644

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 F16D51/22 F16D65/09

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 F16D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
| Y | US 3 279 569 A (DELAWARE) 18 October 1966 (1966-10-18) column 2, line 54 -column 3, line 66; figures 1-3 | 1-8 |
| Y | "FREINS DAF >" , REVUE TECHNIQUE DIESEL,ETAI. BOULOGNE-BILLANCOURT,FR, VOL. 33, NR. 204, PAGE(S) 100-104 XP000687289 ISSN: 0037-2579 page 102 -page 103 | 1-8 |
| Y | US 5 649 612 A (EDWARDS DAVID J ET AL) 22 July 1997 (1997-07-22) column 2, line 11 -column 3, line 24; figure 2 | 1-8 |
| | -/-- | |



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

& document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

5 June 2001

Date of mailing of the international search report

12/06/2001

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Topolski, J